

Aspiration: Enjoy good health

Outcome: Children well nourished

Child well-being target standard indicator	Description
Prevalence of stunting in children under five years of age	Percent of children aged 0-59 months whose height-for-age is below minus two standard deviations from the median (or less than two standard deviations below the median) as determined by the WHO Child Growth Standards.
Prevalence of wasting in children under five years of age	Percent of children aged 0-59 months whose weight for height is less than minus two standard deviations from the median (WHZ) for the international reference population ages 0–59 months.
Proportion of children under five attending Growth Monitoring and Promotion	Percent of children aged 0-59 months who attended Growth Monitoring and Promotion in the previous six months (verified with Growth Card).

Outcome: Children protected from infection, disease and injury

Child well-being target standard indicator	Description
Proportion of parents or caregivers with appropriate hand-washing behavior	Percent of parents or caregivers who recall practicing hand-washing using an effective product, such as soap or ash, at least two out of four critical times during the past 24 hours (after defecation, after cleaning babies' bottoms, before food preparation, before feeding children).
Proportion of women who know at least two danger signs of pregnancy	Percent of pregnant women and mothers of children aged 0–23 months who know at least two danger signs, or complications, during pregnancy.
Proportion of women who know at least three post-partum danger signs	Percent of pregnant women and mothers of children aged 0–23 months who know at least three danger signs in the mother during the period immediately after delivery.
Proportion of women who know at least three neonatal danger signs	Percent of pregnant women and mothers of children aged 0–23 months who know at least three neonatal danger signs.

Outcome: Children and their caregivers access essential health services

Child well-being target standard indicator	Description
Proportion of mothers of children aged 0–23 months who received at least 2 post-natal visit from a trained health care worker during the first week after birth	Percent of mothers of children aged 0–23 months who received at least two post-partum and post-natal visits (both mother and child checked) from a trained health care worker during the first week after the birth of their youngest child.

Aspiration: Educated for life

Outcome: Children read, write and use numeracy skills

Child well-being target standard indicator	Description

Outcome: Children access and complete basic education

Child well-being target standard indicator	Description
Children currently enrolled in and attending a structured learning institution	Percent of children aged 6–18 (or nationally appropriate age for school) enrolled in and attending structured learning opportunity at the time of the survey.
Proportion of children who have dropped out of school	Percent of school aged children, who were enrolled in school but during the last 12 months, dropped out and are no longer attending.

Aspiration: Experience love of God and their neighbours

Outcome: Children grow in their awareness and experience of God's love in an environment that recognizes their freedom

Child well-being target standard indicator	Description
Children grow in their awareness and experience of God's love	Children are able to describe specific ways in which families and communities encourage them in their pursuit of information, activities and relationships, which enable them to discover, grow in and experience God's love.

Aspiration: Cared for, protected and participating

Outcome: Children cared for in a loving, safe, family and community environment with safe places to play

Child well-being target standard indicator	Description
Proportion of children engaged in child labor	Percent of children who work excessive hours for their age (according to UNICEF definition).

Outcome: Parents or caregivers provide well for their children

Child well-being target standard indicator	Description
Proportion of parents or caregivers able to provide well for their children	Percent of parents or caregivers who are able to provide all the children in the household, aged 5-18 years, with three important items, through their own means (assets/production/income), without external assistance

	(from outside the family, NGO or government) in the past 12 months.
Proportion of households with a disabled child	Percent of households with a disabled child under 18 years. Disability means difficulty moving any part of body, hearing or seeing; epilepsy; intellectual disability or mental illness.
Proportion of vulnerable households	Percent of households considered vulnerable, based on analysis of responses to presence of an orphan or disabled child, chronically ill caregiver or one who passed away, headed by a child, extreme poverty or other important vulnerability type identified at the community level.
Proportion of households with sufficient diet diversity	Percent of households where food from three or more food groups was consumed in the last 24 hours.
Proportion of parents or caregivers with the means to save money	Percent of parents or caregivers who report being able to save money in liquid form. For example in a bank or credit union.

Outcome: Children celebrated and registered at birth

Child well-being target standard indicator	Description
Proportion of children with a birth certificate	Percent of children aged 0–59 months with a birth certificate, reported by caregiver and verified by observation.